
Abbott Istat Value Assignment Sheets

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Sheets*

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UNDERSTANDING THE ROLE OF ABBOTT I-STAT VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEETS IN MODERN POINT- OF-CARE TESTING

In the fast-paced environment of modern healthcare, the demand for rapid, accurate, and reliable diagnostic information has never been higher. Point-of-care testing (POCT) has emerged as a critical solution, bringing laboratory-quality analysis directly

to the patient's bedside, the emergency department, or the operating room. At the heart of many of these systems is the Abbott i-STAT platform, a handheld blood analyzer renowned for its precision and speed. However, the accuracy of every single test result generated by this device depends on a component that clinicians may not always see but must consistently trust: the **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheets**. These documents, often overlooked in the

daily workflow, are the silent guardians of quality, ensuring that every i-STAT cartridge performs exactly as intended.

WHAT ARE ABBOTT I-STAT VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEETS?

An **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet** is a quality control document provided by the manufacturer for each specific lot of i-STAT test cartridges. Think of it as a unique fingerprint for that particular batch of cartridges. It contains pre-determined target values and acceptable ranges for various analytes—such as sodium, potassium, glucose, pH, and hematocrit—that are measured by the i-STAT system.

These sheets are essential for running electronic quality control (EQC) or external quality control (liquid controls). When a healthcare provider uses a control solution (either electronic simulator or liquid control), the i-STAT device measures the sample. The resulting values are then compared against the expected ranges printed on the **i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet**. If the measured values fall within the specified ranges, the technician can be confident that the cartridge lot is functioning correctly and that patient results will be accurate.

THE CRITICAL ROLE OF VALUE ASSIGNMENT

QUALITY

SHEETS IN

ASSURANCE

Quality assurance in POCT is not merely a regulatory checkbox; it is a fundamental patient safety imperative. The **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheets** serve as the benchmark against which every new lot of cartridges is validated before use on patients. Without these sheets, there would be no objective way to verify that a particular batch of cartridges meets the manufacturer's stringent performance standards.

Ensuring Lot-to-Lot

Consisten cy

Manufacturing processes, while highly controlled, can have minor variations between different lots of reagents and cartridges. The value assignment sheet accounts for these variations by providing lot-specific target values. This ensures that whether a hospital uses lot A123 or lot B456, the reported patient results remain consistent and comparable over time. This is especially vital for monitoring chronic conditions or tracking a patient's progress during a critical illness.

Validating System Performance

tested.

HOW TO PROPERLY USE AN ABBOTT I-STAT VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEET

Before a new lot of cartridges is released for patient testing, clinical laboratories and point-of-care coordinators must run quality control using the values from the **i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet**. This process validates that the entire system—cartridge, analyzer, and operator—is working together correctly. It catches potential issues such as cartridge degradation, storage problems, or operator error before any patient sample is

Using a value assignment sheet correctly requires attention to detail and a clear understanding of the procedures. Here are the essential steps that every operator should follow:

Step 1: Verify the Lot Number

Before opening a new box of i-STAT cartridges, always check that the lot

number printed on the cartridge package matches the lot number on the **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet**. Using a sheet from a different lot will lead to incorrect comparisons and could result in failing quality control or, worse, undetected errors in patient results.

Step 2: Select the Appropriate Control Level

Value assignment sheets typically provide target ranges

for multiple control levels, such as Level 1 (low), Level 2 (normal), and Level 3 (high). These levels simulate different physiological states. For example, a low glucose control helps verify the system's accuracy at hypoglycemic levels, while a high control tests performance at hyperglycemic ranges. Always ensure you are using the correct control material that corresponds to the level you intend to test.

Step 3: Run the Control Material

Following the standard i-STAT operating

procedure, insert the cartridge into the analyzer and apply the appropriate control material (either the electronic simulator for EQC or liquid control for external QC). The device will then analyze the sample and display the measured values.

Step 4: Compare Results Against the Sheet

Once the analysis is complete, compare each measured value to the expected range listed on the **i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet**. For example, if the sheet indicates

that the expected range for sodium is 136-146 mmol/L for Level 2, and your result is 142 mmol/L, this falls within the acceptable range. If any value falls outside the specified range, the control has failed, and no patient samples should be tested with that lot until the issue is resolved.

Step 5: Documen t and Take Action

Record the results in your quality control log, including the lot number, date, operator initials, and whether the control passed or

failed. If a control fails, follow your facility's established troubleshooting protocols, which may include repeating the control, opening a new cartridge, checking storage conditions, or contacting Abbott technical support.

COMMON ANALYTES FOUND ON I-STAT VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

The specific analytes listed on an **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet** depend on the type of cartridge being used. The i-STAT system offers a wide range of cartridge configurations for different clinical applications. Some of the most common cartridges and their associated analytes

include:

- **CHEM8+ Cartridge:** Sodium, Potassium, Chloride, Total CO₂, Anion Gap, Glucose, BUN, Creatinine, Hematocrit, Hemoglobin, Calcium, Ionized Calcium.
- **CG4+ Cartridge:** pH, PCO₂, PO₂, Total CO₂, Base Excess, Bicarbonate, Oxygen Saturation, Hematocrit, Hemoglobin.
- **PT/INR Cartridge:** Prothrombin Time and International Normalized Ratio for coagulation monitoring.
- **Troponin**

Cartridge:

Cardiac Troponin I for the assessment of myocardial injury.

- **Blood Gas**

Cartridges: pH, PCO₂, PO₂, and derived parameters.

of **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheets** is essential for maintaining a robust quality control program. The following best practices can help ensure that these critical documents are always available and accurate:

Each of these cartridges has its own dedicated **i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet** that provides lot-specific ranges for every measured parameter. It is crucial to use the correct sheet for the specific cartridge type and lot number.

BEST PRACTICES FOR MANAGING AND STORING VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Effective management

Organize by Lot Number and Expiration Date

Maintain a clearly organized file system, either physical or electronic, where value assignment sheets are sorted by lot number

and expiration date. This allows for quick retrieval when a new lot is being validated. Many laboratories use binders with tabbed dividers or digital document management systems to keep sheets easily accessible.

Regularly Review and Update

When a new lot of cartridges arrives, ensure that the corresponding **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet** is obtained immediately. Discard sheets for any expired or fully consumed lots to prevent accidental use

of outdated information. Assign a dedicated staff member, such as the POCT coordinator, to oversee this process.

Train All Operators

Every person who uses the i-STAT system must be trained on the purpose and proper use of value assignment sheets. This includes not only how to compare results but also how to interpret out-of-range values and what steps to take in response. Regular competency assessments can reinforce this knowledge and ensure consistent practice across all shifts.

Integrate with Electronic Quality Control Systems

Many healthcare facilities now use electronic QC management software that can automatically compare results against the expected ranges. When possible, enter the values from the **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet** into such a system. This reduces the risk of manual transcription errors and provides a centralized record of all QC activities.

TROUBLESHOOTING COMMON ISSUES RELATED TO VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEETS

Even with careful procedures, issues can arise. Here are some common problems and how to address them:

Out-of-Range Control Results

If a control result falls outside the expected range, do not use that lot of cartridges for patient testing. First, verify that you used the correct control material and that the value assignment sheet matches the

cartridge lot number. Check the expiration dates of both the cartridges and the control material. If everything appears correct, repeat the test with a new cartridge. If the failure persists, contact Abbott technical support for guidance.

Missing or Incorrect Value Assignment Sheet

Occasionally, a shipment of cartridges may arrive without the corresponding value assignment sheet. In

this case, do not use the cartridges until the sheet can be obtained. Contact the supplier or Abbott directly to request the correct documentation. Using a sheet from a different lot, even if it is for the same type of cartridge, will yield inaccurate target values and compromise quality control.

Expired Control Material

Using expired liquid control material can produce results that appear to be out of range, even if the cartridges are performing correctly. Always check the expiration date on the

control material before running QC. If the material is expired, discard it and obtain a fresh supply before proceeding.

THE INTERSECTION OF VALUE ASSIGNMENT SHEETS AND REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

Accrediting bodies such as The Joint Commission, the College of American Pathologists (CAP), and the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) have strict requirements for quality control in POCT. Proper use of **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheets** is a key component of meeting these standards. Auditors will review your QC records

to verify that:

- Lot-specific value assignment sheets are available for every cartridge lot in use.
- Quality control is performed at prescribed intervals (e.g., daily, with each new lot, and after certain events like analyzer maintenance).
- Out-of-range results are investigated and documented, along with corrective actions taken.
- All operators are trained and competent in performing QC procedures.

Maintaining meticulous records, including each

i-STAT Value Assignment Sheet

used, is essential for demonstrating compliance during inspections. Facilities that fail to meet these standards risk citations, fines, or even loss of accreditation.

CONCLUSION

The **Abbott i-STAT Value Assignment Sheets** may appear to be simple pieces of paper, but they represent the backbone of quality assurance for one of the most widely used point-of-care testing systems in the world. These sheets provide the lot-specific benchmarks necessary to verify that every

cartridge performs within its validated specifications, ultimately safeguarding the accuracy of patient results. For healthcare professionals using the i-STAT system, understanding how to correctly obtain, interpret, and apply the information on these sheets is not just a technical skill—it is a fundamental responsibility. By integrating value assignment sheets into a comprehensive quality control program, clinical teams can continue to rely on the i-STAT platform for fast, actionable, and trustworthy diagnostic information at the point of care.